

1. **(20 points)** Prove that the equation  $x^3 + 3x = 14$  has *exactly one* positive real solution.

2. **(20 points)** Prove that for any positive integer  $n$ , it is the case that

$$1 \cdot 2^1 + 2 \cdot 2^2 + 3 \cdot 2^3 + 4 \cdot 2^4 + \cdots + n \cdot 2^n = (n - 1)2^{n+1} + 2$$

3. **(5 points)** *Disprove* the following statement: If  $x$  and  $y$  are real numbers such that  $x < y$ , then it is also the case that  $x^2 < y^2$ .

4. **(15 points)** Prove that for any integer  $n$ , if  $n$  is odd, then  $8 \mid n^2 - 1$ .
5. **(20 points)** Prove that there is no integer  $n$  such that  $n \equiv 4 \pmod{6}$  and  $n \equiv 2 \pmod{9}$ .
6. (a) **(15 points)** Prove that for any sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ ,  $(A \cup B) - C \subseteq A \cup (B - C)$ .
- (b) **(5 points)** Demonstrate that for sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , it is *not* necessarily true that  $(A \cup B) - C = A \cup (B - C)$ .